



Cabinet Care and Cleaning

Brock Cabinets Service Department

843-626-9191

ServiceDeptMB@BrockCabinets.com

Keep your cabinets looking beautiful - From regular dusting to cleaning splatters and spills, you can help maintain the beauty of your cabinets by following these recommendations.

Cleaning Guidelines

A soft cotton cloth dampened with warm water is usually sufficient to clean your cabinets. If more thorough cleaning is required, please use a fresh solution of mild dish soap mixed with warm water. After cleaning, wipe all surfaces with a clean, damp cloth. Dry immediately using another soft, clean cloth.

Cleaning Products to Avoid

The *following* cleaning products are to be avoided, as damage may occur:

- Harsh detergents, strong soaps, abrasive cleaning products, such as tub and sink cleansers, scouring powder, scouring pads, steel wool, or self-polishing waxes
- Sponges or dishcloths - May contain particles that could scratch your cabinets; May contain food and oil residue or remnants of harsh cleaning solutions
- Solvent-based or petroleum-based products such as mineral spirits, nail-polish removers, or paint thinners
- Ammonia or cleaning products that include ammonia
- Bleach or cleaning products that include bleach
- Silicone-based cleaning, waxing, or polishing products

Splatters and Spills

Clean spills and splatters immediately. Prolonged exposure to spills, including food, water, or other liquids, or to oil and grease splatters, can cause permanent discoloration or damage to your cabinet's finish.

Regular Dusting

Use a clean, soft lint-free cotton cloth for regular dusting. Packaged dusting sheets are not required or recommended. Do not use pre-moistened dusting sheets, and do not use aerosol products made for dusting.



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Waxing and Polishing

Waxing is not required or recommended. Over time, waxing and polishing compounds may build up on the surface of your cabinets and cause a hazy, streaky, or yellowed appearance. This wax build-up is very difficult to remove.

Cleaning Glass Doors

Extra care is required when cleaning glass doors. Spray an ammonia-free glass cleaner on a clean, soft, lint-free cloth or paper towel. Do not spray cleaner directly on the glass. It could seep behind the glass and cause damage.

Scratches, Gouges, and Knicks

A Touch-Up Kit is available to hide surface damage. Contact the place of business where you purchased your cabinetry to purchase the color-matched touch-up kit for your specific cabinets. Use the kit's touch-up pen to hide minor blemishes. Use the kit's tinted putty stick to fill deeper scratches, gouges, or nicks. Detailed instructions are provided in each kit.

Avoid Moisture Damage

Avoid draping damp clothes or dishtowels over cabinet doors. This moisture can cause permanent damage – such as peeling and discoloration – to the cabinet's finish.

Avoid Heat Damage

The heat generated when using an oven's self-cleaning feature is much greater than during normal cooking. If this heat escapes from the oven, it can damage your cabinets. While this is a rare circumstance, you can minimize the risk of cabinet damage by removing cabinet doors and drawers nearest the oven before using its self-cleaning feature.

Avoid Light Damage

Exposure to direct sunlight tends to darken the color of natural wood products. Sunlight can also fade painted wood surfaces, laminated surfaces, and thermofoil surfaces. You should consider draperies or blinds to shield your cabinets from direct sunlight.